YPSILANTI DAILY PRESS

Vol. VIII, No. 210 — YPSILANTI, MICHIGAN, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1911 — PRICE 2 CENTS

TAG SALES NET ASSOCIATION $715

AVERAGE MORE THAN TEN CENTS FOR EACH PERSON IN YPSILANTI.

The results of the tag days, Thursday and Friday, November 9th and 10th, netted $715.00. As the population of Ypsilanti is about 7,000, this sum showing an average contribution of more than 10 cents per person, is extremely gratifying to the Tuberculosis Society.

The Committee in charge was Mrs. Mark S. W. Jefferson, Mrs. Luther James, Mrs. C. M. Elliott, Miss Haviland and Mrs. D. L. Quirk, jr.

The house to house posting was very thorough, amounting to $251.00. Mrs. Elliott was in charge of the West side and Mrs. Ehman of the East side of the river.

Miss Harriet Wortley was very successful in disposing of her pennants for automobiles, bringing in $25.00.

The factories, at the solicitation of Mrs. John McCann and Mrs. John Cooney, contributed $70.00.

The city schools, owing to the co-operation of Supt. Arbaugh, Miss Densmore, Miss Webb and Mrs. Alexander, sent in $25.00.

The Normal School responded enthusiastically. Miss Fuller, at Zwergel's corner, raised $34.00, Miss Boardman and Miss Wise at the Water Tower and west of the Normal, $43.00, Miss Clark at Forest and Brower $6.00, Mrs. Lister at the Gymnasium $9.00.

The important points throughout the city were in charge of the following women:

Miss Matilda Holmes at Cleary College, $10.00; Mrs. Luther James at Michos' corner, $31.00; Miss Grace Lawrence at Horner & Lawrence's, $27.00; Mrs. D. L. Quirk at First National Bank, $29.00; Mrs. Guy Davis at King & Co., $23.00; Mrs. Will Kishlar at Davis & Kishlar's, $15.00; Mrs. Louise Humphrey at Savings Bank, $10.00; Mrs. Hoyt at Post Office, $15.00; Mrs. F. R. Gorton at Masonic Temple, $7.37; Miss Worden at Pearl and Hamilton, $8.11; Mrs. H. B. Lewis at Michigan Central, $8.00; Mrs. C. D. O'Connor at Waiting Room, $15.

On the East side Mrs. Henry Platt was in charge of the corner of Cross and River streets and brought in $27. Mrs. Jerome German at River and Congress had $8.50.

The house to house canvass on the East side totaled $33.00.

Mrs. Everett and Miss Dixon very kindly made coffee for the workers on Friday, the Ypsilanti Gas Co. donating the gas.

The Tuberculosis Society appreciates the hearty response to this appeal for financial support and considers it an assurance of genuine interest and cooperation in its future work.

PUBLIC MEETING OF ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS ASSOCIATION TUESDAY

The Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis will meet Tuesday evening at 8:00 o'clock at the Ladies' Library. A number of important matters are to be considered. The association is grateful to the workers and givers for their great interest shown on Tag Day, in its work. Its meetings are open to everybody, and all are cordially invited, also, to become members.

Blue Diamond Hard Water Softener at all Grocers and Druggists: 15*

RODGERS HAS BAD LUCK

Aeroplane Crashes to Ground When He Flies Toward Pacific.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 13.—While in flight from Pasadena to the ocean to formally complete his ocean to ocean journey, C. P. Rodgers was severely hurt when his aeroplane crashed to earth at Compton, ten miles from here.

Physicians said his injuries will not prove serious, although he will not be able to complete his flight for several days.

CHINESE HAGGLE ON PEACE TERMS

Diversity of Opinion in Ranks of Revolutionists.

ADVANCE ON PEKIN DELAYED

Panic in Capital City Abated and Manchus Are Taking Heart—Plan Now to Forcibly Uphold the Dynasty.

Pekin, Nov. 13.—Continued failure of the threatened rebel advance has calmed the recent panic somewhat.

The latest see-sawing reports say that Yuan Shih Kai has started for Pekin. The report has further relieved anxiety, as Yuan after announcing that the prospect of reconciling the revolutionists was almost hopeless, telegraphed later that the prospect was somewhat better.

Li Yuan Heng seemingly is willing to discuss a compromise with a view to stopping the fighting, but his colleagues differ with him.

Other reports state that Li might be induced to agree to the republicanization of the country southward from Yang-Tse-Kiang, however, allowing Manchuria and Chi-Li to remain neutral if other provinces were left free to chose their own governments. This does not appeal to many of Li's followers, who disapprove of dividing the empire.

Cheng Shao Tseng and the Lanchow army are also reported to be averse to the division. Perhaps nothing can be found to be decided upon until the provincial delegates whom Li has invited to Wu-Chang have met.

The differences of the rebels, indeed, hang as a dead weight upon the efforts at pacification and may, if not soon composed, endanger Chinese liberty. There are already rumors that the Manchus have been heartened by divisions among the revolutionists and their success at Nankin and are preparing forcibly to uphold the dynasty and their own prvileges.

Librarians Will Meet at Port Huron.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 13.—The Michigan State Library association will hold its annual convention in Port Huron in June, 1912. News of the action of the executive board in selecting this city as its next gathering place was received by Miss Katherine Sleneau, librarian of the public library in this city.

Lapeer May Have Mason Temple.

Lapeer, Mich., Nov. 13.—A Masonic Temple association has been formed here and a new place of abode for the Masons is probable in the near future. The directors are: John Gardiner, C. A. Smith, B. F. Loderer, L. C. Cranton, H. W. Davis, J. R. Johnson, Wallace Weir, W. E Brown and J. H. Eoff.

REV. CREIGHTON TO LEAVE CITY

IS FORCED BY POOR HEALTH TO RESIGN FROM CHURCH WORK.

Rev. C. M. Creighton, pastor of the Presbyterian church in this city, apprised the board of sessions of his church on Sunday morning that he felt obliged to resign his pastorate in this city, owing to his health not being robust enough to warrant his discharging longer the duties of his position. The formal resignation will be proffered the church next Sunday morning.

Mr. Creighton's plans, further than that he has selected Southern California as his objective point, are unsettled. He will doubtless leave the city about the time of the holidays, so that the first of the new year will find him in the sunny state of California. Mrs. Creighton will probably not accompany her husband, though ing and their little girl will leave this city. Mr. Creighton will doubtless engage in the ministry when he arrives in the west.

The departure of Mr. Creighton from Ypsilanti will be warmly regretted by his church, by his fellow pastors and by the community at large. He has served the Ypsilanti church with conspicuous success for four years and a half, this being his first pastorate after his studies in Scotland. Previous to his work in Edinburgh and Glasgow, he was pastor of a church in Kentucky. His theological training was received at Park College, at Parkville, Missouri.

"YPSILANTI IS OPEN TO GAMBLING"

MYRON E. ADAMS

RECOMNENDATIONS OF MEN AND RELIGION WORKERS INCLUDE INVESTIGATION AND ELIMINATION OF PETTY GAMBLING AMONG MEN AND BOYS IN PUBLIC PLACES

BOY SCOUT MOVEMENT ENCOURAGED

Speakers Advise Increased Attention To Recreational As Well As Moral Life Of Boys In The Community-Other Good Suggestions Worth Considering

Ypsilanti, for the past three days, has been studied by experts in social betterment. With the alert eye and the trained mind of one accustomed to appraise a city—its existing conditions, its salient needs, and, most of all, the remedies for what is found that is undesirable and unlovely—the team of experts, consisting of M. E. Adams, W. Davies, and C. W. Hensell have looked upon this city and, before their departure have given out certain recommendations toward future betterment.

When Mr. Adams, at the culminating meeting of the Men and Religion Forward Movement Sunday evening in the Presbyterian church, made certain statements about gambling in this city, he said he did not rely on heresay or generalizing observations "Rather," he said, "I saw ten boys playing the slot machine at the leading newstand in this city. There is in your city gambling going on as real as at Monte Carlo." Mr. Adams' recommendations follow:

1. "Realizing that the community as well as the college is engaged in the education of almost 2000 teachers for a place of large inmportance in the life of state, we advise that the men of Ypsilanti agree to support the following plan:

A. That a committee composed of the Governor of Michigan, the President of the State Normal College and a representative of the men of the community select the student who at the close of the first year after graduation shall have been of the largest service to the community life outside the regular routine of the school room.

B. The men of Ypsilanti offer to such a student a fellowship including tuition, board and necessary expenses in the New York or Chicago School of Philanthropy with the objective of preparation for the largest service.

C. That the men in Ypsilanti conduct in co-operation with the college a series of institutes to present their personal and community problems as well as the best known agencies for their solution.

2. We recommend that the men of Ypsilanti heartily endorse any plan for building new schools or re-arrangements of old ones which will add to the health, the morals or the improved training of their children or the children of others. In this connection we would suggest the advisability of the increased domestic and manual training in the schools largely attended by your negro population.

3. We recommend increased attention to the recreational as well as the moral life of the boys of the community who have not been reached by the Sunday Schools, the Boy Scouts or existing agencies.

4. We recommend the careful investigation and the vigorous elimination of petty public gambling among men and boys at cigar stands and newstands as a precaution against the development of the gambling spirit in the community at large.

5. We recommend a sane and comprehensive campaign of education along the lines of sex hygiene.

6. We recommend the extension of all health advantages along the line of good water, good sewerage, etc. which are enjoyed by the majority of the citizens into the homes of the less provident where the need is equally important.

7. We recommend the abolition of the saloon and the substitution by such meeting places for men and boys as will prove of personal and community advantage.

8. We recommend to individual men that they weigh their responibility as individuals in their matter of the treatment of the weak and the wayward, the fainthearted and forlorn as the test of their real interest in the solution of their problems.

9. We recommend the continuous emphasis on the fact that this is a christian work, inspired by the example and command of Christ, energized by the fact that it is His will and that His spirit is within it, and finally to be consummated in the establishment of that Kingdom where His will shall be done on earth as it is in Heaven.

W. F. Tabor, rector of St. John's n Detroit, preached magnificently on the theme, "Is the standard of Jesus Christ possible for the present time?" This was considered to have been one of the finest features of the entire campaign.

C. W. Hensell, who is particularly qualified to speak of missionary enter prises, submitted recommendations as follows:

1. A standard Missionary church. We declare as our ideal—and pledge ourselves to its realization—the standard Missionary Church, characterized by the following features:—A. A Missionary Pastor. 2. A Missionary Committee. 3. A Missionary

(Continued on page 2.)

FIRST BANQUET TONIGHT

SERIES OF MISSIONARY MEETINGS START—MILAN FIRST, YPSILANTI TUESDAY.

The men in the Methodist churches throughout the district to which Ypsilanti belongs have planned a series of missionary banquets. This evening the Milan men will give a banquet of this character, which Dr. Addis Leeson of this city will attend. He will respond to a toast. Tuesday evening the men of the Methodist church of this city and their friends will attend a similar banquet at six o'clock sharp in the Methodist dining-rooms, the catering to be done by the Ladies' Aid society. On Wednesday night another such banquet will be given in Saline, and on Thursday night in Ann Arbor.

Dr. Richards of Africa, and Dr. Stalker and Dr. Ramsdell of Ann Arbor will be present at the banquet in this city Tuesday night.

Nationality Not Cause of Dismissal.

Washington, Nov. 13.—The dismissal of Cadet Joseph Leon Israel of Birmingham, Alabama, from the United States Military academy at West Point was due to the fact that he received more demerits for different minor infractions of the regulations than is allowed. There is no truth in the reports from Birmingham that he was dismissed because he was a Jew.

HELD ON LARCENY CHARGE

DETROIT MAN CHARGED WITH TAKING A PURSE BELONGING TO MRS. WILBUR TUTTLE.

George W. Shultz of Detroit was arrested this morning on a charge of simple larceny. He was arraigned before the local justice and pleaded not guilty. His trial was set for the near future.

Saturday evening Mrs. Wilbur Tuttle went to the D., J. & C. waiting room to take the car for Ann Arbor. She had three small children with her and when the car pulled in she forgot to take her pocket book which had laid on the window sill. Three young girls who were in the waiting room at the time saw a man pick up the pocket book and immediately notified Officer Ryan. He located Shultz who was identified by the young girls. The pocket book which when lost contained $5 was found at Whitmire's saloon with only $1 remaining.

Corn Shredder Gets His Arm.

Vermontville, Mich., Nov. 13.—While feeding a corn husker Mac Dodd, residing east of town, lost his left arm, which was drawn into the rolls. The doctors removed the injured member a couple of inches below the elbow joint and it is believed that he will survive the shock unless blood poisoning should set in.

FINAL OPINIONS FROM CITIZENS ON SCHOOL QUESTION-POLLS OPEN 8 TO 4-ALL TAXPAYERS MAY VOTE

The following paragraphs concerning qualifications of voters at school elections in which money is to be raised or bonds issued is reprinted from the General Schol laws.

Act 164, 1881,

4662. Sec. 17. In all school elections every citizen of the United States of the age of twenty-one years. male or female, who owns property which is assessed for school taxes in the district, * * * and who has resided in said district three months next preceding such election, shall be a qualified voter. On the question of voting school taxes, every male or female, who owns property which is assessed for school taxes in the district, and who has resided in the district, as above stated, shall be a qualified voter: Provided, That the purchased of land upon a land contract, who actually pays the taxes upon such land and resides thereon, may vote upon all questions; and where a husband and wife own property jointly and same is assessed for school taxes in the school district, each may, if otherwise qualified, vote upon all questions including the questions including the question of raising money.

Voters tomorrow should note the hours between which the polls will be open. The special charter of the school district prescribes that the "polls shall be opened at eight o'clock, or as soon thereafter as may be, and shall continue open until four o'clock in the afternoon."

As my final word in the discussion of the school building project to be voted upon tomorrow, I wish to say in my own behalf, and in behalf of the Board of Education as well, that we have tried to set forth the proposition in its various phases fairly and honestly. There has been no disposition to evade honest inquiry, to mislead the people, or to exaggerate the conditions which, in our opinion, make the proposed improvements not only desirable but necessary if we are to do our whole duty by our children and our schools. I am duly conscious of the fact that, in a sense, my professional reputation is staked upon the proposals which I have made and in which the Board of Education is supporting me. But in no less a degree is my professional reputation at stake if I close my eyes to needs and conditions, which, if not soon met, will tend in a short time to well-founded criticism of the schools. I trust that, regardless of whether they ex pect to derive immediate and direct benefit from the contemplated improvements, citizens will overlook personal interest in behalf of the common good.

W. B. ARBAUGH.

"LET US RISE AND BUILD."

Mr. Editor:

As a citizen of Ypsilanti and one closely connected with her public schools for a number of years, I would like to say a few words on this important question that we are to decide next Tuesday. And the real importance of this question, I trust, will not be allowed to be covered up by the few dollars of "added tax" that we will be asked to pay, for a few years.

My observations have led me to conclude that this city is, and has been for many years, primarily, a school city. We have tried to make it something else, but for various reasons it still remains, a school town. Its reputation as an educational centre is such that gives us reason to feel justly proud. But its reputation, and the merit that has produced it, are things of the past, and will continue in the future only so long as we maintain the energy that produced them.

Our Board of Education has set forth in a carefully prepared statement, the needs of the proposed improvement, and the per cent of additional tax that will be necessary to carry out the same. This statement should be carefully studied and in the light of these needs, I believe we will do nothing that will hamper our efficiency or retard our progress along the only line that Ypsilanti has achieved distinction among the cities of the state, namely, educational advancement.

It is as necessary that the buildings

(Continued on page 2.)

The above cut represents a body of civil war veterans tenting again on the old camp ground after an absence of 50 years. Who they were a half-century ago, who they are now matters little compared to what they stood for then. It is the imperishability of great examples which is the pledge of human progress, the inspiration of human hope.

One may think of them as mere boys when they left Michigan for the seat of war in '61, with banners flying, the warm, red blood leaping in their veins responsive to fervid patriotism. long years hung so threatingly athtime when President Lincoln called for volunteers, when the fate of the world's greatest nation to be hung trembling in the balance. You can depend upon it there was something to be done then. And it was done.

When the war clouds which for four ong years hung so threateninglyathwart our national horizon were so gloriously lifted, when the shackles were stricken from 4,000,000 slaves and the sunlight of universal freedom dawned, then Columbia took her place in the forefront of nations there to stand while the earth bears a plant or the sea rolls its waves.

The best of us, the most loyal of the new generation arisen since the war, appreciate but in part what was done for us by the men and measures of Lincoln's day. To recapitulate, or, rather, to enumerate,—Freedom had a new birth; Liberty attained her most exalted ideals; Labor was for all time to be respected and honored with new dignity; Our Nation's credit was established on foundations firm as everlasting hills; Mothers were hereafter to possess their own children; the inherent principles of Federal Union were implanted for aye; the inventive Spirit of the age was permitted to assert itself triumphantly where it had been handicapped hitherto; Countless new fields for bloodless conquests of the pen and the press were opened;—with free speech, free territory, free men, the way at last was blazoned for a government of the people, for the people and by the people, not only not to perish from the earth, but to go ever forward under the majestic banner of Peace to greater conflicts and more eternal rewards. The latter are a few great National problems solved so successfully by the men who in memory thereof, are entitled to wear the little bronzed button. With the above great results attained why should not to honor and reverence the men of a greateful people be glad and proud '61-'65?

These reflections bring to mind little return for what great things some other things not so far away. What of the Memorial Hall proposed this last summer for the G. A. R.'s of Ypsilanti as a monument to Ypsilanti's big task so worthily done in caring for the ex-soldiers and sailors of Michigan and their friends during their annual state encampment?

An assembly hall for the men of the sixties to meet in, cared for by the city, if you please, for all patriotic societies to share, is the very least we can do by way of just a were done for us.

Who is going to take the initiative and call a public meeting to take proper steps forward in this Memorial Hall project? Meantime let's think about it in earnest lest we forget the service rendered by the Boys in Blue. Scores of other cities have so provided, why cannot Ypsilanti. Au revoir.

H. C. RANKIN.

Ypsilanti Daily Press

Daily, four weeks.....25c
Daily, per week.....10c
By City Carrier
and sleeplessness.
Daily, per year, in advance.....$3.00

THE YPSILANTI PRESS
Published by
301 Congress Street, Ypsilanti, Mich.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION
Both Phones 470
901 Unity Bldg., Chicago
By Mail

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1911

CITY'S BONDING RIGHTS.

The question has been raised as to whether the school district and the city are so far separate as district corporations that the bonding limit placed upon one does not affect that of the other. The following provisions of the law may throw some light upon this question; but we have not had the time to give the matter sufficient attention so that we feel sure that the question is entirely covered here.

An amendment to Section 4717 of the Compiled Laws of 1897:

Sec. 1. Any school district may, by a majority vote of the qualified voters of said district present at an annual meeting, or at a special meeting called for that purpose, borrow money, and may issue bonds of the district therefore, to pay for a school-house site or sites, and to erect and furnish school buildings. The district board, or board of education, shall estimate the amount of money necessary to be raised and shall state their estimate in the notices of the annual or special meeting, at which the question of borrowing money and issuing bonds shall be submitted to the people; and at said meeting the voters shall have power to ratify by the vote aforesaid the estimate of the district board, or board of education, or to fix a new limit on the amount to be borrowed and for which bonds may be issued: Provided, That no school district shall issue bonds for an amount greater than ten per cent of the total assessed valuation of said district, and in districts having one hundred or more children in the school census the bonded indebtedness shall not exceed one hundred dollars per capita of such census, nor shall the bonded indebtedness of a district extend beyond the period of fifteen years for money borrowed: Provided further, That in all proceedings under this section, the district board and one person selected by the qualified voters present at said meeting shall constitute a board of inspectors, who shall cause a poll list to be kept and a suitable ballot box to be used, and the polls shall be kept open at least two hours. The votes shall be by ballot, either printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, and the canvass of the same shall be conducted in the same manner as at township elections, or as far as the laws governing the same are applicable, and when said laws are not applicable the board of inspectors shall prescribe the manner in which the canvass shall be conducted. Approved March 14, 1911.

Article VIII, Section 24: When a city or village is authorized to acquire or operate any public utility, it may issue mortgage bonds therefor beyond the general limit of bonded indebtedness prescribed by law: Provided, That such mortgage bonds issued beyond the general limit of bonded indebtedness prescribed by law shall not impose any liability upon such city or village, but shall be secured only upon the property and revenues of such public utility, including a franchise stating the terms upon which, in case of foreclosure, the purchaser may operate the same, which franchise shall in no case extend for a longer period than twenty years from the date of the sale of such utility and franchise on foreclosure.

:o:

NEWS IN SUNDAY'S PAPERS

Switzerland fears Italy may attempt to seize province.

Condition of pope's health caused sudden calling of consistory.

Mrs. Quinn, accused of murdering her husband, taken to jail in Chicago.

Austrian army officer sued American girl for $25,000, alleging breach of promise.

Morocco-Congo treaty sent to German burget committee for explanation by reichstag.

Eleven persons were killed in Wisconsin by tornado that was felt in three states.

Yuan-Shi-Kai's messages at first bring despair to the Chinese throne, but later are more cheerful.

Interstate commerce commission is asked to investigate alleged telephone and telegraph trust.

Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh at Western Economic society banquet in Chicago, urged acceptance of Aldrich bank reform plan.

Swallowed Her False Teeth.

Through swallowing her false teeth, apparently while she was asleep, Mrs. Alice Dear, 51 years old, of Sewell road, Battersea, died. The cause of her death was discovered at a post-mortem examination.—London Chronicle.

An Address, He Thought.

"He 'e brings 'ome a 'ole boxful of crockery for the missus, an' writes out a label marked 'China' an' puts it on the box for safety, an' bust me jib-boom if a bloomin' porter ain't gone and sent it off there!"—The Tattler.

COLD WAVE GRIPS LARGE TERRITORY

Frigid Spell Preceded by Fatal Storms in West.

ELEVEN KILLED IN WISCONSIN

Great Damage Done by Disturbance of Cyclonic Severity—Many Buildings Demolished in Virginia, Ill.—Springfield Also Hit.

Chicago, Nov. 13.—The severe cold wave that at present holds much of the country in its grip, was ushered in by a fierce tornado in several sections of the middle west.

Widespread damage to property, combined with considerable loss of life and injuries to many persons by this storm in Illinois, Iowa and southern Wisconsin.

At least eleven persons were killed in Rock county, Wisconsin. In the village of Virginia, near Springfield, Ill., many of the most important buildings were demolished.

The heavy wind was accompanied in many places with a downpour of rain, and this soon turned to sleet and snow, as the temperature dropped with great rapidity. In Iowa the mercury went down fifty degrees in a short time, and a driving sleet storm tied up street railway and steam traffic in many parts of the state. The sudden drop in temperature also caused much suffering.

Nine persons are dead, another is probably dying, many are injured and nearly half a million dollars' worth of property was destroyed in a cyclone that swept over Rock county, Wisconsin. Near Orfordville, the whole Smith family—three daughters, a son, and the father—was killed. Mrs. John Crowder, eighty years old; Mrs. Froede, a bride of a few months; Fred Gentz, a carpenter, and Amy Kerban, eight years old, met death. Wensel Kerban is probably fatally injured.

Two persons were reported killed when the storm struck Milton, Wis., ten miles north of Janesville, according to messages received by the train dispatcher's office of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad. Considerable property damage also was reported and train service was greatly delayed by buildings, windmills and other obstructions blown across the tracks at Milton Junction, Pewaukee and other Wisconsin towns.

The storm broke suddenly and with intense fury. Farmers and villagers were caught entirely unprepared. The loss will run up into the millions, according to David Atwood, who made a trip into the country immediately after the storm passed Janesville. The loss to the tobacco crop alone will be more than half a million.

Many valuable farmhouses were destroyed.

A tornado swooped down upon Virginia, Ill., dealing destruction right and left. A score of persons were seriously injured, while many had narrow escapes, but none was killed. The most seriously injured are Earle Whittaker, the little son of William Whittaker, Fad French, and Otis Middleton.

The Whittaker boy was caught under the wreckage of the Whittaker house, which was demolished.

The storm swept with terrific force through the center of the town. Not a business building or residence that lay in its path escaped damage. A hundred dwellings were unroofed or sustained other serious damage, while the business section is a mass of wreckage. A drenching rain, which followed the violent wind, added to the horror of the situation.

In Springfield some of the heavy windows, just below the statehouse dome were blown in, falling with a great crash on the roof of the false dome, 100 feet below.

A heavy rain and wind storm, accompanied by much lightning, swept over Vermilion county, Illinois, and developed into a tornado at Rossville, where much damage was done. At the Elgin, Joliet and Eastern railroad roundhouse several small buildings were blown down and the coal chutes were blown across the tracks.

Men and Boats Lost.

Chicago, Nov. 13.—Thirteen men are believed to have perished and boats, which put out from Chicago, are reported lost in the worst lake storm in years.

YPSILANTI IS OPEN TO

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Sunday School. 4. A Program of Prayer for Missions. 5. Systematic Missionary Education. 6. An Every Member Canvass for Home and Foreign Missions. 7. The weekly offering for the same.

2. A Campaign for Systematic Missionary Education.

We hereby pledge ourselves so to foster the study of Missionary life and literature that it shall become an integral at such time education within the church, the campaign to be inaugurated at such time and by such methods as shall be best suited to the individual church.

The following agencies are recommended:

1. Classes for the study of Home and Foreign Missions under the auspices of Brotherhoods and Men's Adult Bible Classes.

2. Boys' Classes for the reading of Missionary Biography.

3. Missionary Instruction in the Sunday Schools.

These additional means are likewise commended:

1. Monthly Missionary Prayer meetings, under the direction of the Missionary committee and participated in by men who shall present current Missionary facts.

2. Literature, especially pamphlets prepared for men by the Boards and the Laymen's Missionary Movement.

3. Missionary Charts, maps and mottoes.

4. Missionary supper-meetings addressed by Missionaries on furlough.

3. An Every-Member Canvass—

We recommend that there be held a simultaneous missionary canvass in the churches of Ypsilanti, December 3 to 10 with a report meeting in the afternoon of December 10.

The time prior to these dates to be devoted to Missionary education through the regular agencies of the church and also to the holding in each congregation of a men's supper-meeting at which time the ideal of the standard Missionary Church shall be presented and the plan of the every-member canvass adopted by the men.

A. L. Wilbur gave a pleasing and forceful presentation of the subject, "The message of the gospel."

The experts were very much pleased with the way the movement was conducted in Ypsilanti, and all feel that a great advance in the work has been made. The street meeting Saturday evening at the First National bank corner, attracted a large gathering, who listened to half an hour to speeches by the out-of-town men. Rev. C. M. Creighton and Marshall Byrn played two cornet solos.

The Men and Religion Forward Movement will be introduced in Adrian at once. An Arbor was to have been the next point for the promulgation of this work, but has not yet sufficiently prepared for it. The towns auxiliary to Ypsilanti will doubtless soon get into communication with Ypsilanti and institute the work in their communities.

FINAL OPINIONS FROM

(Continued from page 1)

and equipment of our schools be kept up to date as it is that the machinery in factory and on farm keep pace with modern thought. We not only need buildings that furnish "seating capacity," but working facilities as well. The constant growth in the attendance of the Normal College has been maintained, in the face of the sharp competition of the other Normal schools, only by the authorities recognizing the fact and then acting upon it, that the best in buildings and equipment is none too good to meet the demands of the rapid progress in education.

The only point that seems to be urged against this question is that of added taxation. It is not a point to ignore or lightly consider, for to most of us it means extra effort. But it is no answer to this question to say that since the present conditions have been "gotten along with for years" that they will serve the present and future demands. Progress along any line is made only at the expense of energy, in the form of labor, time, or money. We are a progressive people, therefore we must pay the price of progression.

The city has just installed a new and modern lighting plant at a cost of about one-half of what is required for the proposed school improvement. Yet in the "light" of this modern equipment is there any of us that would wish to go back to the old out-of-date lighting plant, even if we could have "gotten along with it," and thus save the few dollars of "added" tax that will be required to pay for this much needed improvement?

Fellow citizens, in the spirit of Nehemiah, "Let us rise and build."

DE FORREST ROSS.

Mr. Editor:

As the Taxpayers of Ypsilanti have been called upon by the School Board and the Superintendent to express their views on the school question and on Nov. 14 to decide an important matter it may not be presuming to answer the—will it be courteous to say—"attack" upon "Mr. and Mrs. Taxpayer." (Miss Taxpayer seems to be ignored)? in Friday's paper. It is said the building is a fire-trap, that it is overcrowded, the lighting intolerable, heating and ventilation bad.

In reply, the building is as safe from fire as any school building, pupils on the second floor have access to the fire escapes as well as those on the third. Even on the "snowy, sleety day" when the imaginary fire is prophesied.

There is plenty of room if classes or teachers are properly arranged. It is true the lighting might be better. When the school was practically rebuilt after being burned, an earnest plea was made by Mrs. Kinne, a member of the school board, to have large single windows made in place of the narrow divided ones. This plea was overruled by the majority of the board. These windows could easily be remedied now with very little expense.

The heating and ventilating are efficient if properly managed.

Other conditions the not-taxpayer never saw. Well there are many people whose opportunities for observation have been limited. Evidently such a lack caused the assertion that "a sardine box will hold more fish". And that no place "is seen for more recitations except stairways."

The "great advance" in new subjects is doing very well in other buildings, even if there is no room for them in the Central building. "Mr. and Mrs. Taxpayer" have never stated that we have the best schools in the state but the citizens feel that we have very good schools which compare very favorably in equipment and in efficiency with the best. Every year they have been very successful in educating our children and no one ever heard of such objectionable and surprising conditions as those advocates of $75,000.00 tax now assert. That with the present building it is impossible to have a good school and that it is impossible to give instructions in the subject (?) named.

After this statement it is said that it is to be so advantageous to have the Central building for the high school, although declaring it "out of date, unsafe, unsanitary, ill ventilated, hot beds of disease," and that "only the deadest alive sort of a place would tolerate it," so the new building would not take the children in the high school into any better surroundings.

Our schools have been showing very successful and satisfactory conditions and it will continue to do so until a new, well designed structure can replace the present Central building.

This time will come when the city is not so overburdened with heavy taxation as it is now.

The excuse has been made that school bonds are not city bonds. That makes no difference in the increase of taxation.

The taxpayers of Ypsilanti do not feel able to pay $75,000 for an expense which is unnecessary and also very inadequate for any better accommodation for the schools. For this reason the vote on the 14th of November should be "No."

TAXPAYER.

Editor Ypsilanti Daily Press:

The editorial in Saturday's Press in regard to the proposed alterations in our school was right to the point. In one of the communications recently published it was clearly shown that there is ample seating for all children attending school, and many seats to spare. If more space is needed for other purposes, re-arrange the interior of the building. If this cannot be done add a one-story addition on the west side of the present building.

In the election notice we are asked to vote Yes or No to issue bonds for $75,000 to run 15 years. What does this mean. Bonds will have to bear 4% interest, $3000 per year to start on. Another janitor, additional heating, lighting and repairing, and in all probability more teachers. It is safe to say $6000 will be a moderate estimate of the increase in taxes the first year.

I would like to know how many high school students live outside the school district and whether they pay their full proportion of the expense of running the school.

I want it understood that I am in favor of spending all the money necessary to keep our schools in the front. I also want to protest against the erection of any building on the Adams street property. Remove the old frame building, erect an outdoor gymnasium and with the magnificent trees we have a model playground, one that will be appreciated by the present and future generations of children.

Lastly I want to protest against the hours for voting, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Is it the wish of the school board to have a hand full of people decide this matter? If not keep the polls open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. and give every voter, millionaire and laborer, an equal chance to vote.

GEORGE HOLMES.

Mr. Editor:

That's a good scheme of yours—opening your columns to discussion for and against the new school bond issue.

I left school when I was 13—never saw a high school, but, in my day we did have classes to learn how to read, write and spell and something about figures. Pupils in the Ypsilanti high school never read, never write, never spell except incidentally. Apparently there is no time for such trivialties as the three R's, a good, old-fashioned trivium nevertheless.

Talk about a commercial department when we have the oldest and best business college in Michigan—the Cleary, preparing for life, an institution which makes a business of giving young people a working perspective on life as we find it and which the ordinary high school even with so called commercial departments does not seem to do. That's one department we do not want.

I don't know but that the high school ought to teach agriculture, but, wouldn't it be better to let the eighth grade of our rural schools go to the high school and put an agricultural grade in its place into every rural school before we put it into the ordinary high schools?

Articles from retired farmers, I know, are not supposed to be up-to-date. We retired farmers are usually the butts of contentions, we have to catch it on all sides for our lack of progress and for being against improvements, as they say, but I have read pretty carefully both sides of this discussion and I fail to see where the end justifies the means so far as the entire bond issue is concerned. If it were $5000 for the Prospect school, if it were 8 or $10,000 for a new heating plant, if these requirements were apart from the $58,000 there would probably be not a dozen votes cast against the proposition. But to put this big rider of $58,000 on and make us take the responsibility of voting for all or none of these improvements is making us take our medicine whether bitter or sweet. Molasses catches more flies than vinegar. Tact sometimes wins where talent fails. This is only an honest difference of opinion, perhaps, but Americans do not take kindly to what seems like the gag law.

According to the Board's letter of last week, if we do this, our schools are going to cost us more per 1000 than Jackson, Saginaw, Bay City, notwithstanding the fact that the training school takes and trains several hundred grade students from us yearly.

An addition to our school taxes for the next 15 yeads of 12% per annum is paying pretty dearly for the whistle, to say the least. Educators, so called, are not infrequently very impartial.

RETIRED FARMER.

GRAY HAIR MAKES YOU LOOK OLD

USE WYETH'S SAGE AND SULPHUR AND YOUR GRAY HAIR WILL QUICKLY VANISH.

GGray hair is a mark of age, and nothing that can be said as to its beauty will offset the disadvantages of this mark of age set upon your brow.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy darkens the hair and restores it to its youthful beauty. Our grandmothers and their grandmothers before them used sage and sulphur for darkening their hair. Nothing has ever been found more effective for this purpose than these two time-honored remedies, but Wyeth, a modern chemist, has combined the two with other ingredients, which makes a delightful dressing for the hair, and which not only removes every trace of dandruff but promotes the growth of the hair. It also stops the hair from falling out, and makes it beautiful.

All druggists are authorized to refund the money if it fails to do exactly as represented.

Don't neglect your hair and don't resort to old-time hair dyes. Get a bottle of Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur from your druggist today, and notice the difference in your hair after a few days' use.

This preparation is offered to the public at fifty cents a bottle, and is recommended and sold by all druggists. Special agent, Weinmann-Matthews Co., 118 Congress street.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

LOST—Oval shaped, black trimmed, gold pin. Finder please leave at Press office. 1113-1116

LOST—A screw top with brass cap from an oil wagon, between Standard oil company and North street. Finder leave at 310 North street. Phone 9-J. 1113-1115*

LOST—A package containing two shirts with initial O. A. S. between Ypsilanti and Willis, Saturday night. Finder notify White Laundry or Oscar A. Smith at Willis. 1113-15*

DON'T BE A SLAVE TO HEADACHES

Caparine capsules will stop the pain at once and then remove the cause; regulates the stomach and bowels, stimulates and tones up the entire system without injury, but be sure to get the genuine, at all druggists, 10c and 25c.

DeKalb Drug & Chemical Co., DeKalb, Illinois

CAPARINE

SPENT HER MONEY WELL

On beautiful Sheridan avenue, in Detroit, lives Miss Marie Richter in perfect health, although a year ago she was almost a wreck. Writing of her condition at that time she says: "Last winter I was completely run-down and felt fagged-out all the time, was nervous, and had indigestion.

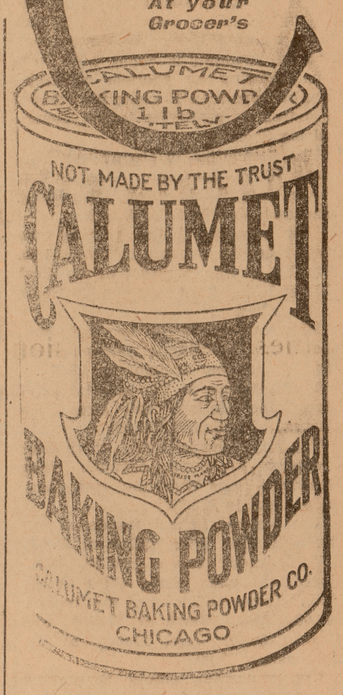
"One of my friends advised me to take Vinol and it has done me great good. The tired, worn-out feeling is all gone and I am strong, vigorous and well. The stomach trouble soon disappeared and now I eat heartily and have perfect digestion. I wish every tired, weak, nervous woman could have Vinol, for I never spent any money in my life that did me so much good as that I spent for Vinol."

Thousands of women and men who were formerly weak and sickly owe their present rugged health to the wonderful strength-creating effects of Vinol. If you are pale, weak, nervous and upset you owe it to yourself and your family to try Vinol. It will build you and make you strong. If it does not we give back your money. Weinmann-Matthews Co., 118 Congress St.

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

SEE how much better it makes the baking
SEE how much more uniform in quality
SEE how pure—how good
SEE how economical—and
SEE that you get Calumet

At your Grocer's



Monday and Tuesday

Nov. 13 and 14, 1911

I will sell Lard, 3 lb., 5lb., and 10 lb. pails at 11c per pound; 50 lb. cans at 10½c per pound; single pound dishes at 12½c pound.

Thick Fat Salt Pork, 10c pound.

Frank C. Banghart

MEAT MARKET

127 Congress St. Ypsilanti, Mich.

Turn Over a New Leaf

By subscribing for THIS PAPER

Of Interest To Taxpayers

If The New School Proposition Carries

Your Total Taxes For The Year Will Be Increased as Follows:

If they are now	$10	for the	year	they	will	become					$11.15
"	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	16.75
"	"	"	"	20	"	"	"	"	"	"	22.30
"	"	"	"	30	"	"	"	"	"	"	33.45
"	"	"	"	40	"	"	"	"	"	"	44.60
"	"	"	"	50	"	"	"	"	"	"	55.75
"	"	"	"	60	"	"	"	"	"	"	66.90
"	"	"	"	75	"	"	"	"	"	"	83.63
"	"	"	"	100	"	"	"	"	"	"	111.50

The above figures are published to correct the impression that seems to prevail that taxes will increase fifty per cent if the proposition for a new school building carries

Respectfully,

BOARD OF EDUCATION

PRESS PROFITBRINGERS

Private Agents For Puplic Cooperation

They Buy, Sell, Rent, Exchange, Etc., At Minimum Cost

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Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:

One cent a word, 3 insertions.
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Three cents a word, 12 insertions.
Four cents a word, 18 insertions.
Five cents a word, 26 insertions.
Minimum charge, 25 words.
Five cents additional charge if collector calls.

WANTED

KNITTERS WANTED—Girls wanted for knitters; good wages and steady employment. Beginners wanted; wages paid while learning. Crocheters on underwear wanted. J. B. Colvan Co., 29 E. Cross St. 913tf

WANTED—To exchange residence for a few acres with buildings. A. Weir 308 Maple St. 1013-1111

WANTED—Canvassing agents at once for the sale of "Compendium of Everyday Wants," the book of general necessity, price $1.50; also for "The Devil's Bride," a wonderful religious allegory, price $1.00. Either outfit sent postpaid for 10 cents. 50% commission to agents. Big sellers. Address A. B. Kuhlman, Publisher, 136 W. Lake St., Chicago, Ill. 914-26x

WANTED—To exchange small modern house on Normal street for a few acres of land without buildings near city. E. C. Bartlett. Phone 458-L. 1109-1116*

WANT A BOY?—Persons wanting boys to work for board or to work by the hour or on Saturday, will please phone Cleary College. 1113

TO RENT

FOR RENT—House with all modern conveniences at 317 N. Washington street, after August 15. F. C. Banghart. 727tf

TO RENT—Modern house 636 N. Adams St., $13.00 a month, also 8-room house, 628 Adams St., $9.00 a month, or would sell either or both cheap and on easy terms. C. D. Willcoxson, L. S. & M. S. R. R. 971tf

TO RENT—10-room house and barn, city water and cistern all in fine order; large lot; No. 612 Pearl St. Only $11.00 per month. Enquire of J. H. Wortley, Real Estate Office, Savings Bank Building. 1108tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Household Furniture. Come now and beat the other fellow to the bargains. C. Darling, 207 Ballard St. 113-15

FOR SALE—Household Furniture at 207 Ballard street.

FOR SALE—If we can sell at once will dispose of two lots on Oakwood very cheap. For particulars enquire at 412 Pearl or call 437-J. 1120*

OR SALE—Hard coal burner and cook stove, also cutting box. Enquire of D. Ray, 514 St. Johns St. Phone 522-J. 1111-14

FOR SALE—$1,000 and balance on easy terms secures a first-class modern house with barn in central rooming belt with roomers on second floor paying 9% on the investment, leaving six large rooms for use of family on first floor. Ypsilanti Agency Co., Phone 487. 1107tf

FOR SALE.

Having purchased a Multiple Drawer Cash Register, we offer for sale our National Cash Register, total adder, turn to zero counter, detail strip, and check system, in A1 working order. Sullivan-Cook Co. 1101 tf.

FOR SALE—Nine-room house on Chicago Ave. Enquire at 605 Congress St., West. 1031-1119

FOR SALE OR RENT—A 7-room cement house with modern improvements, including gas, bath, sewer connection, at 611 Norris St. Enquire of A. F. Harrison, 704 W. Huron St., Ann Arbor. Home phone 365-Red. 1023tf

FOR SALE—New International Gasoline Engine, 6 H. P.; been used but a short time; want to use motor. Will sell this engine at low price. Granite Works, in rear of Cleary College, G. W. Longbridge. 323tf

MISCELLANEOUS

DO IT RIGHT, RIGHT SOON! Magazine subscriptions make fine Christmas presents. Now is the time to get on my Christmas list. Eugene Strang, Magazine man. 1108tf

LOST AND FOUND

FOUND—Corner of Forest Ave. and Adams street, fur neck scarf. Owner may have same by calling at Press office and paying for this ad. 1115*

LOST—Suit case from D., J. & C. car between Ypsilanti and Ann Arbor or in Ann Arbor. Reward. Address Mabel Sifert, Mason, Mich. 111-14*

Business And Professional Directory Of Ypsilanti

Entertainment

OPERA HOUSE
Every Evening. Special Vaudeville Friday and Saturday evenings and Saturday afternoons. Children under 10 years, 5 cents.

Vocal Instruction

MISS CAROLINE TOWNER of Michigan Conservatory, Detroit, conducts private studio over Grinnell Bros.' music store at 210 Congress St. Phones: Bell 657; Home 93.

Shoe Repairing

Modern Equipment, Dependable Work, Best Leather
Prompt Service.
GEORGE STRONG
Successor to C. O. Swanson
Cor. Congress and Adams Sts.

Photography

Don't lose your friends before getting their pictures. Bring them to the Wide Awake Studio. Penny pictures, post cards and all kinds of amateur finishing. Mrs. S. May Sleeper, Prop., Bell phone 268-J., Next to First National Bank. 726*

Hack and Dray Line

Calls any time, day or night
Baggage Dray to all Trains
FREEMAN W. CARR
Livery, Feed and Exchange Stable
Hack and Dray Line
In rear of Occidental Hotel
Ypsilanti, Michigan
Bell Phone 1009-L. 1109-1209

DETROIT UNITED LINES.

Ypsilanti Station—Limited Cars.

Detroit Limiteds—8:34, 10:34 a. m.; 12:34, 2:34, 4:34, 6:34, 8:34 p. m.

Kalamazoo Limiteds—7:28, 9:28, 11:28 a. m.; 1:28, 3:28; 5:28 p. m. To Lansing, 7:28 p. m.

East bound—5:45 a. m., 6:15 a. m., 7:15 a. m., and every two hours to 11:15 p m.

West bound—To Jackson, 5:15 a. m., 6:45 a. m., and every two hours thereafter until 10:45 p. m.; to Ann Arbor only, 5:15 a. m. and half hourly to 10:45 p. m.; also 11:43 p. m. and 12:26 a. m.

Saline division—Leave Ypsilanti 5:30 a. m., 6:30 a. m., 7:30 a. m. and every two hours until until 7:30 p. m, also 9:40 p. m., 11:40 p. m., 12:25 a. m.

Cars connect at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.

Magazines

I can give the special rates given by publishers for all magazines or newspapers.
MRS. HENRY C. MINOR
724 River St. Phone 684-L.

Rugs

BEAUTIFUL RUGS
Made from your old carpet by the Ann Arbor Fluff Rug Co.
CHAS. FISK, Agent.
Phone 463-L. 1102tf

Plumbing

Plumbing and Sheet Metal Work
At Right Prices
L. T. LONSWELL
35 E. Cross St. Bell Phone 69

PICKLES & BASSETT
Plumbing, Steam and Hot Water Heating
All Work Guaranteed
24 North Washington Street
Bell Phone 814-J. Ypsilanti

House Cleaning

HOUSE CLEANING. Have your house satisfactorily cleaned with the Globe Vacuum Cleaning Wagon. Rates: 50c, 75c and $1 per room or by the hour. JAY KNAPP, East Forest Ave. Phone 1116-J.

Vacuum Cleaning

ALL WORK GUARANTEED
Dependable Vacuum Cleaning for Carpets, Rugs, Bedding and Furniture.
Low rates by hour or job.
LESLIE A. AMMERMAN
430 N. Adams Phone 154-J

Dancing

DANCING
Instruction in Dancing, 7-8 Monday at Rowima, Friday at Temple. Assemblies following Course for instruction, $1.50, private lesson included. A. HARNACK, 168-L. 10-16-1116

Don't Overlook
that subscription. If you are in arrears remember that we can always find good use for
the MONEY

INFORMATION ABOUT THE TRAINS

M. C. R. R.—Trains going east: *6:25, *7:10, *7:50, *10:00 and 11:59 a. m.; *2:50, 4:15, *5:05, 9:20 and *9:42 p. m. Trains goint west: *2:09, 8:25, *9:06 a.m.; 1:35, *2:20, 5:45 and *10:15 p.m.
* Daily. All others daily except Sunday.

LAKE SHORE—Trains west: 8:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. Trains east: 9:55 a. m. and 4:55 p. m.

D., J. & C.—At Wayne, all cars stop for the Pere Marquette.

Connections at Ann Arbor with the A. A. and at Jackson with the G. T., M. C. and Electric Lines

OUR ADVERTISING COLUMNS

are read by the people because it gives them news of absorbing interest. People no longer go looking about for things they want—they go to their newspaper for information as to where such things may be found. This method saves time and trouble. If you want to bring your wares to the attention of this community, our advertising columns

Should Contain Your Ad

The Markets

(Corrected daily by F. C. Banghart)
Buying prices.

Stock

Hogs, live	$5.75-$6.00
Hogs, dressed	$8.00
Spring Lambs	$4.00-$5.00
Veal Calves	$$6.50-$7.50
Cows	$2.50-$4.00
Heifers	$4.50-$5.50
Steers	$4.50-$6.00
Hens	9c
Spring Chickens	9c
Turkeys	14c-15c

Produce

(Corrected by H. D. Wells' grocery)

Dairy Butter, pound	28c
Eggs	28c
Honey, dark	12c
Honey, light	12c-15c
Potatoes	70c-75c

Ypsilanti Grain Market

(Corrected by Washtenaw Huron Mills)

Oats	45c
Wheat, No. 1 white	89c
Wheat, No. 2 red	91c

Hides

(Ypsilanti Hide and Leather Co.)

No. 1, cured,	12c
No. 1, green,	10c
No. 1, cured Bull	9¾c
No. 1, green Bull	8¾c
No. 1, cured Veal Kip	12½c

No. 2 Kip and Calf 1½c off.
Sheep pelts as to the amount of wool

No. 1, green Veal Kip	11¾c
No. 1, cured Calf	16¾c
No. 1, green Calf	15¾c

All No. 2 Hides. 1c off.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimolials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed bids will be received at the County Clerk's office up and until 12 o'clock noon November 18th, 1911, for the furnishing of the material and labor for the Tower bracing in the Court House, the work consists of steel, iron and carpenter work, plans and specifications may be had upon request from the clerk at his office in Court House building. The building committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids upon this work.

CHAS. L. MILLER, County Clerk.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John Harold Williams, Ann Arbor..21
Anna Lydia Hoffman, Ann Arbor...21

George Matz, Ypsilanti.....44
Mrs. Rose Bushey, Ypsilanti.....44

Harry Webster, Northfield.....24
Emma S. Lee, South Lyon.....23

Dean's Rheumatic Pills unsurpassed for Rheumatism & Neuralgia. Entirely vegetable. Safe.

The boy's appetite is often the source of amazement. If you would have such an appetite take Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only create a healthy appetite, but strengthen the stomach and enable it to do its work naturally. For sale by all dealers.

NOTICE TO HUNTERS.

Hunters are hereby warned against trespassing on farms of the undersigned during any season of the year. Dogs caught on these farms will be shot.

Perry Watling	Nelson Watling
Mort Crittenden	Fred Sparrow
Mrs. Chas Begole	Edward Eedy
Robt. Howling	J. R. Holmes
Robt. Howling	Fred Howling
Bemiss Bros.	Gardner Est.
C. L. Jones	John Nicol
Chas. P. Haydon	Wm. E. Gotts
J. A. Rooke	Arthur Sherwood
C. M. Gillette	Mrs. Rachel Tuttle
John Waterbury	

"It is a pleasure to tell you that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best cough medicine I have ever used," writes Mrs. Hugh Campbell, of Lavonia, Ga. "I have used it with all my children and the results have been highly satisfactory." For sale by all dealers.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

GRAND UNION HOTEL
Opp. GRAND CENTRAL STATION NEW YORK CITY
ROOMS $1.00 a day and upward
Baggage to and from Station Free
Send 2c stamp for N. Y. City Guide, Book and Map

America to Have Four Cardinals

Only Four Countries, Italy, France, Austria-Hungary and Spain, Have More.

Fourteen Million Catholics In America Pleased With the Signal Recognition.

By JAMES A. EDGERTON.

FOUR American cardinals—that is welcome news to the more than 14,000,000 Catholics in America, which number is swelled to several millions more if the Philippines, Guam and Porto Rico are included. The college of cardinals is supposed to consist of seventy, although the quota is seldom or never complete. At one time it was as low as seven. Seventeen new cardinals will be elevated at the coming consistory on Nov. 27, making sixty-three in all. It is reported that thirty-two members of the college will then be Italians and thirty-one foreigners. This is the highest ratio of foreigners known in recent times and in the opinion of some may mean the election of a pope outside of Italy. It is even possible that the number of foreign cardinals may equal the Italians, as there is a prospect of another Spaniard being elevated. This would make the selection of an outside pope still more probable, and, strangely enough, there is talk that an American may be chosen. In recent times all the popes have been elected from Italy.

The manner in which the "foreigners," as those outside of Italy are called, are being favored may be judged by the fact that of the seventeen new cardinals only five are from Italy. The one other nation whose apportionment of new cardinals exceeds that of America is France, which has four. The three Americans are Mgr. Diomede Falconio, papal delegate to Washington, who is a naturalized citizen of the United States; Archbishop John M. Farley of New York and Archbishop William H. O'Connell of Boston. These, with Cardinal James Gibbons of Baltimore, make up the four, which number exceeds all the cardinals given to the North American continent heretofore. Indeed, the only Americans so honored, so far as I can find a record, were the late Cardinal E. A. Tascherau of Canada and the late Cardinal John McCloskey of New York.

Elect the Pope.

The cardinals are called the princes of the church. Their rank is next to that of the pope himself. During the interval between the death of one pope and the selection of his successor they govern the church and share in the government even while the pope is in office. In addition to this they hold various important offices, such as vice chancellor, dean of the sacred college, secretary of state, vicar general, patriarch and archbishop. Many of them must remain at Rome as administrative officers. Others are the heads of various important dioceses throughout the world. The college of cardinals elects the pope, almost invariably from its own membership. Well informed Catholics do not generally believe that a pope will be chosen outside of Italy, at least for many years.

The cardinals are divided into three ranks. The highest are the cardinal bishops. Of these there are only six, all now Italians. They are Agliardi, Cassetta, Oreglia, Satolli and the two brothers, Vannutelli. Satolli was at one time papal delegate to Washington, and one of the Vannutellis was in this country a year or more ago. The second rank is that of cardinal priests, to which the great bulk of cardinals belongs. The third is that of cardinal deacons, of whom there may be fourteen, but only five now. In the whole college as at present constituted the Italians outnumber all others. There are five from Spain, three each from France and Austria, two each from Germany, Ireland and Hungary and one each from America, Belgium, Portugal and Bohemia. Under the new apportionment the only countries that will exceed America in the number of cardinals are Italy, France, Spain and Austria-Hungary.

The Archbishop of New York.

The high dignity to which these Americans have been elevated has belonged to such statesmen and scholars as Richelieu and Mazarin, Wolsey and Newman. It is a strange coincidence that two of the new American cardinals were born in the same year, 1842, Archbishop Farley in Ireland and Mgr. Falconio in Italy. The other two American cardinals, Gibbons and O'Connell, were born in the United States.

Archbishop Farley was at one time secretary to Cardinal McCloskey and is the fourth archbishop of New York, in which capacity he heads probably the largest and assuredly the richest Catholic diocese in the world, having under him more than 1,300,000 communicants. He was educated in Macarten's college, Ireland, until he was seventeen years old, when he came to America with his parents. He then entered the Jesuit College of St. John's in what is now Fordham university, later studied at St. Joseph's seminary at Troy and, attracting the attention of Cardinal McCloskey, was by him sent to Rome, where he completed his theological studies in a four years' course.

After being ordained priest at Rome in 1878 the future cardinal returned to New York and was placed in charge of a church on Staten Island. Here he made such progress that in two years he was appointed to the responsible position of private secretary to John McCloskey, America's first cardinal. The experience was invaluable. It brought the young priest in contact with the leading men of the church and gave him an experience in administrative work in the very diocese over which he himself should later preside. At one time he accompanied Cardinal McCloskey to Rome and so favorably impressed Leo XIII. that the pontiff appointed Father Farley one of his private chamberlains and gave him the title of monsignor. While still private secretary he was made pastor of a church and so endeared himself to his own people and to the public at large that the reporters called him "Little Farley." He was also offered the position of rector of the American college at Rome, but Cardinal McCloskey would not let him accept.

Father Farley remained secretary to the cardinal fourteen years, when it was ended by McCloskey's death. Under Archbishop Corrigan he was successively appointed missionary rector, domestic prelate and prothonotary apostolic, the highest office under bishop. He was next advanced to coadjutor bishop, which office he held seven years, when, at Archbishop Corrigan's death, in 1902, he became head of the diocese in which he had so long served.

American Papal Delegate.

One circumstance indicating the importance of the United States in the pontiff's mind is that every delegate to this country either was a cardinal when he came or was made one at the end of his service. Satolli is now a cardinal bishop, Martinelli was made a cardinal at the end of his term at Washington, and Falconio, who succeeded Martinelli, is now being made a cardinal.

Mgr. Falconio was born in the Abruzzi and entered the Franciscan order at the age of eighteen. Shortly afterward he was sent to the United States as a missionary and was located at Allegany, N. Y., being ordained in 1886 by the bishop of Buffalo. He was so impressed with the field for work in this country that he asked permission to become an American citizen. This was granted, and he voted for General Grant for president in 1872. After many years at Allegany, Buffalo and Niagara he became rector of the cathedral in Newfoundland. At the end of twenty years in this country he was recalled to Italy, where in 1889 he was chosen procurator general of the Franciscan order, later bishop of Lacedonia and still later archbishop of Accrenza.

In 1889 Mgr. Falconio succeeded Cardinal Merry del Val, now secretary of state, as papal delegate to Canada, where he was called on to settle a troublesome school controversy between Manitoba and Quebec. He succeeded so well that in 1902 he was promoted to papal delegate at Washington, in which position he had an important part in settling the friars' land disputes in the Philippines.

Great Church Orator.

Archbishop William H. O'Connell of Boston is the youngest of the cardinals designate and will be one of the youngest in the college. His rise has been rapid, and he is considered one of the most eloquent pastors in his church in America. As archbishop of Boston he heads the second diocese for size in the United States.

Archbishop O'Connell was born in Lowell, Mass., in 1859 and was educated at Boston college and at Rome. He was ordained in 1884 and became prefect in the American college in Rome. Later he returned to America and after ten years here was chosen rector or president of the same great institution. His selection was said to have been due to the pleasant impression he made on Cardinal Gibbons. He was made a bishop while in Rome and was placed at the head of the Portland (Me.) diocese. At the close of the war between Japan and Russia he was selected by the pope for an important mission in Japan, due to the fact, it was said, that he was the only high church dignitary speaking Japanese. While in the Flowery Kingdom he was accorded the distinction of being for one day the guest of the emperor. He was successful in this mission, gaining the especial gratitude of the pope. He was made archbishop of Boston in 1907.

The signal recognition of America, one practically without a parallel in the modern history of the church, is especially gratifying to Cardinal Gibbons, to whose efforts it is at least partially due. It is said in Rome that the first pilgrimage the present pope received was an American pilgrimage and that the first flags waved in St. Peter's for his election and the first he blessed were American. He thereupon promised Cardinal Gibbons that he would appoint several American cardinals. It is generally believed that in the not distant future the western part of the United States will be recognized, and both Archbishop Quigley of Chicago and Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul have been mentioned. The friends of Ireland have long made a campaign in his favor, the Bellamy Storers and the "Dear Maria" letters figuring in the affair.

Cardinal James Gibbons, the foremost Catholic in the western hemisphere, was born in Baltimore in 1834. He was educated in Ireland, at New Orleans and at St. Charles college, in Maryland, finishing his theological course in Baltimore. After being ordained he had one or two small churches, when he was made secretary to Archbishop Spalding. Two of his most notable accomplishments concerned his work in building up the Catholic cause in North Carolina and afterward in Virginia, founding not only many churches, but schools and charitable institutions. He then became archbishop of Baltimore, headed the delegation of American prelates to Rome in 1883 and was made cardinal three years later.

AMERICA'S FOUR CARDINALS

Photograph of Cardinal Gibbons copyrighted by American Press Association, that of Archbishop O'Connell by F. B. Conlin.

A Press Profitbringer in Time of Need

- The Day After Tomorrow -

HE IS WISE WHO PROVIDES FOR TOMORROW. HE IS WISER WHO PROVIDES FOR THE DAY AFTER TOMORROW.

KEEP A PICTURE OF YOUR OLD AGE BEFORE YOU. LET IT BE A MENTAL PICTURE OF A RESPECTED, PROSPEROUS OLD AGE. SAVE WITH THAT END IN VIEW. THAT IS YOUR DAY AFTER TOMORROW.

SAVE ALSO FOR THOSE "RAINY DAYS" THAT MAY COME BEFORE THE DAY AFTER TOMORROW. THEN YOU WILL HAVE PROTECTION AGAINST THE USE OF YOUR DAY AFTER TOMORROW FUND. SAVE FOR TOMORROW AND THE DAY AFTER—BUT BEGIN TODAY.

The First National Bank

Ypsilanti, Michigan

Get Busy

And Buy Your

Warm Footwear of

HORNER & LAWRENCE

130 Congress St.

Buck Artics

Felt Rubbers, Sock Rubbers

Heavy Wool Socks

Lot of Boys' Overcoats at Less Than Cost

Come and See

Society News

Calendar for Tuesday, Nov. 14, 1911

Election for the purpose of voting on the new school building, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m., library in central building, Corner of Washington and Cross.

Ypsilanti Home Association, 3 p. m., Mrs. W. H. Sweet, South Washington street.

Class in French conversation, 6:55 p. m., Miss Grace Fuller, 35 S. Summit street.

Social meeting, Degree of Honor, 7:30 p. m., Mrs. George Thompson, 602 W. Cross street.

Hamilton Whist club, Mrs. F. L. Shaefer, Congress street.

Regular communication, Phoenix lodge, No. 13, F. and A. M., 7:30 p. m., Masonic Temple.

Banquet for Methodist men and their friends, 6 p. m., dining room of edifice.

Social D. of H. Meeting.

The Degree of Honor will hold a social meeting at the home of Mrs. George Thompson, 602 W. Cross street, Tuesday evening.

S. S. Board Meeting.

The Sunday school board of the Methodist church will have a potluck supper at the church this evening and afterwards hold their monthly meeting.

Instructive Aid Meeting.

The Presbyterian Ladies' Aid society met with Mrs. W. L. Kishlar and enjoyed a very pleasant and instructive meeting. A large number of members were present; also two guests, Mrs. M. T. Woodruff of Detroit and Mrs. Lee Townsend. The domestic science committee gave a very favorable report through its chairman, Mrs. B. W. Peet, and it was announced that something of interest had been planned for later meetings. A talk on cake-baking was given by Mrs. W. B. Eddy, which was highly appreciated. It has been a custom, inaugurated by the president, Mrs. Ross, that each month a poem shall be committed to memory by the members and recited by one of them. The poem for this months was "Three words of strength," by Shiller, and Mrs. Otis Stephens recited it. J. G. Holland's poem, "The Way to Heaven" will be learned the coming month. The society planned a home baking sale for November 25 at the store of D. B. Waterman. About the first of December a buffet supper will be held at the church. At the same time there will be booths for the sale of rugs, candy and aprons. Miss Seibert of the conservatory gave two very pretty vocal solos and Mrs. Lee Townsend also sang. A delicious picnic tea was served under the direction of Mrs. R. B. Rouse.

Miss Portia Morhouse of Chelsea was home for the week end.

Mrs. Clara Haggitt and Miss Louise Haggitt of Detroit were recent guests of Mrs. J. Green of South street.

Mrs. Walford of Detroit was called to the city Saturday by the death of Hiram Brown.

A number of the young people from this city attended the party at Stony Creek Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. George Crist of Detroit were the Sunday guests of Ypsilanti friends.

William Culver of New York is spending some time with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Abram Culver of Hamilton street.

Mrs. Claud DeMond and son of Pontiac are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. Kate Wainwright, of Normal St.

Miss Pichittinno of the Cleary College has been entertaining her sister from Detroit for the past few days.

Maurice W. Fox, a mechanical draughtsman of Culebra, of the Canal Zone, has been spending a short time at the home of C. H. Pearsall and family of Summit street.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Bentley spent Sunday in Detroit with friends.

Forest Brown of Columbus, Ohio, has been called to the city by the death of his father, Hiram Brown, of Florence street. Mr. Brown is at present curator at the herbarium at the state university at Columbus, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Millage of Milan have been spending a week with their aunt, Mrs. J. A. Underwood.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Perkins, Mrs. J. A. Underwood, Mrs. S. May Sleeper, Mrs. Elizabeth Carter, Mrs. Arthur Lamb and Frank Lamb went to Ann Arbor Friday evening for a special mesting of the Rebeccak's. Sixty-five were present from Jackson. Five were initiated, among them being Mrs. Carter. A banquet was served.

Mrs. A. C. Coe spent Friday with her sister, Mrs. Reid Darling, and Saturday the two ladies went to Detroit.

Mrs. Alfred Johnston of Toronto and Mrs. Jessie Pease are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. S. W. Parsons.

Mrs. Lee Townsend is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Milton Webb.

Mrs. M. T. Woodruff of Detroit is the guest of Mrs. Peet.

Reid Darling is in the country laying out timbers for a new barn for George Payne.

Miss Lola Sleeper spent Friday afternoon in Ann Arbor with Miss Elva Hickox.

Miss Florence Binder and friends attended a surprise party at Wayne Friday evening.

THINK THIS OVER

THIS OFFER SHOULD GAIN THE CONFIDENCE OF THE MOST SKEPTICAL.

We pay for all the medicine used during the trial, if our remedy fails to completely relieve you of constipation. We take all the risk. You are not obligated to us in any way whatever, if you accept our offer. That's a mighty broad statement but we mean every word of it. Could anything be more fair for you?

A most scientific, common-sense treatment is Rexall Orderlies, which are eaten like candy. Their active principle is a recent scientific discovery that is odorless, colorless, and tasteless; very pronounced, gentle, and pleasant in action, and particularly agreeable in every way. This ingredient does not cause diarrhoea, nausea flatulence, griping, or other inconvenience. Rexall Orderlies are particularly good for children, aged and delicate persons.

If you suffer from chronic or habitual constipation, or the associate or dependent chronic ailments, we urge you to try Rexall Orderlies at our risk. Remember, you can get them in Ypsilanti only at our store. 12 tablets 10 cents; 26 tablets, 25 cents; 20 tablets, 50 cents. Sold only at our store—The Rexall Store—Weinmann-Matthews Co., 118 Congress street.

MISERABLE DYSPEPTICS

All the world looks gloomy to the man with the upset stomach. He sees the world through smoked glasses and never tries to rub off the smoke.

Cheer up, Mr. Dyspeptic, there's bright days ahead of you. Go to Duane Spalsbury's this very day and say I want a box of MI-O-NA tablets. Take them as directed and if the misery doesn't leave your stomach and bring a sunny smile to your gloomy countenance, go and get your 50 cents back.

MI-O-NA stomach tablets will promptly end the distress of indigestion, will stop nervousness, dizziness, biliousness, sick headache and sleeplessness. Fifty cents buys a large box at Duane Spalsbury's and druggists everywhere.

DENN'S RHEUMATIC CURE.
Sure, Safe and Speedy Cure for Liver, Kidney, Stomach, Lumbago, Headache, all Nervous and Blood Impurities CURED. Sold and Guaranteed by Druggist only 25 and 75c a bottle. Pills 25 and 50c. By Mail.
DENN'S R. C. CO., Columbus, Ohio

Bowels are Basis of Child Health

The careful mother, who watches closely the physical peculiarities of her children, will soon discover that the most important thing in connection with a child's constant good health is to keep the bowels regularly open. Sluggish bowels will be followed by loss of appetite, restlessness during sleep, irritability and a dozen and one similar evidences of physical disorder.

At the first sign of such disorder give the child a teaspoonful of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at night on retiring and repeat the dose the following night if necessary—more than that will scarcely be needed. You will find that the child will recover its accustomed good spirits at once and will eat and sleep normally.

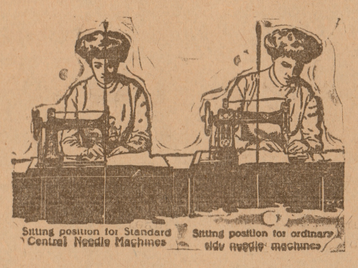
This remedy is a vast improvement over salts, cathartics, laxative waters and similar things, which are altogether too powerful for a child. The homes of Mrs. L. Grunwald, 18 Perkins St., Detroit, Mich., and Mrs. J. P. McLellan, Fountain, Mich., are always supplied with Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, and with them, as with thousands of others, there is no substitute for this grand laxative. It is really more than a laxative, for it contains superior tonic properties which help to tone and strengthen the stomach, liver and bowels so that after a brief use of it all laxatives can be dispensed with and nature will do its own work.

Anyone wishing to make a trial of this remedy before buying it in the regular way of a druggist at fifty cents or one dollar a large bottle (family size) can have a sample bottle sent to the home free of charge by simply addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 405 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. Your name and address on a postal card will do.

The New

STANDARD

Rotary Central Needle Sewing Machine



A new sewing machine des.gned expressly for HEALTHFUL and EASY operation. It's use will help to conserve the natural beauty of woman. The needle is directly in front of the eye, allowing the operator to sit perfectly erect while stitching, thus removing the cause of curved aching, spines, displacement of delicate organs, and strained eyesight from which so many women suffer after working at the machine.

Call and See the New Standard Demonstrated

J. Geo. Zwergle

Normal Book Store

Cheerful Fires--Cheerful Homes

MASSILLON COAL

Does away with worry—fuss and time.

Fill your bins for winter use.

Dependable dealers everywhere,

GUARANTEE

HEAT—PURITY—ECONOMY.

Big Demonstration

WAGNER'S HIGH GRADE ALUMINUM WARE

Commenced This Morning

AND WILL CONTINUE THROUGH

Tuesday and Wednesday, Nov. 13, 14 and 15

THIS WILL BE ONE OF THE BIGGEST AND BEST DEMONSTRATIONS OF HIGH GRADE ALUMINUM WARE EVER HELD IN YPSILANTI AND ALL WOMEN ARE VERY CORDIALLY INVITED TO CALL AT OUR STORE FOR A SAMPLE OF GOOD COOKING AT ANY TIME OR TIMES DURING THESE THREE DAYS. FOLLOWING ARE A FEW PIECES THAT WILL BE SHOWN:

"WAGNER" CAST ALUMINUM WARE

LIPPED KETTLES

Aluminum kettles are the most serviceable in the market. They are adapted for all purposes. They heat very rapidly, requiring less fuel than any other style kettle. They do not scorch foods as easily as other metal and are not affected by acids, nor is there any enamel to chip off.

TEA AND COFFEE POTS
Rubberoid Handles

These are cast in one piece and are absolutely without a seam or rivit, except the rivit used to connect the lid. Their construction, combined with the durability of aluminum, makes them practically indestructable, and the best on the market.

SKILLETS
Rubberoid Handles

These are without a doubt the handsomest skillet in the market. It is our own special design. It has round sides and a rim on the bottom to equalize the heat.

SPOON WITH HOOK

The hook prevents the spoon from sliding into the vessel or dish and is also used as a finger piece to prevent the spoon from turning when stirring batter.

LONG HANDLED LADLE
For Punch Bowls or Kitchen Use

Fruits and acids have no effect on Aluminum Ladles.

TOM AND JERRY LADLES

With Hook

Size 11½ inches

This is a very serviceable and convenient ladle for use in the kitchen.

NEW SAFTY TEA KETTLE

A novel feature of our new Tea Kettle is the lid, which is opened and closed by pressing the bail. This makes it impossible to burn or scald the hands. With this device the Tea Kettle can be as easily filled from a faucet as any other way.

RICE BOILER AND COMBINATION SAUCE PAN

This Rice Boiler is the most beautiful in design as well as practical, and will outwear any other style boiler. It will cook rice and cereals to perfection,and in less time than any other make. It is impossible to scorch food cooked in it. The lid to the top pan which is made of heavy spun aluminum, will fit the cast aluminum bottom and either may be used as a sauce pan for general cooking.

SAUCE PANS

Deep sauce pans and flaring sauce pans with rubberoid handles.

CUPS

Size of bowl 2x2¾ and 2½x3⅞ inches

These cups are cast in one piece and have no seams or rivits. They are desirable particularly for public drinking fountains as they are almost indestructible.

SOME OF THE REASONS WHY ALUMINUM COOKING UTENSILS ARE THE BEST:— 1. They are light in weight, bright as silver and are absolutely pure and wholesome. 2. There is no enamel or plating to wear or flake off; the finish is the natural finish of the metal. 3. They will not burn or scorch food so easily as other metal. 4. They retain heat longer than any other metal. 5. They do not contain or form any of the poisonous substances found in tin, copper and enameled ware. 6. There are no joints, seams or solder to leak and give trouble.

"Wagner" Cast Aluminum Ware, being a thoroughly hybiene utensil, should, and is, rapidly taking the place of copper, tin and enameled ware.

Have you ever examined the particles of enamel that so frequently break off enameled ware and become mixed with food? It does not require a microscope to see how nearly they resemble particles of broken glass. Certainly no person ought to take the chances of allowing anything of that nature (virtually broken glass) to become mixed with their food.

Besides other advantages we call attention to the durability of this ware, all of it being cast in one piece, and the thickness of the different parts are properly proportioned. The bottom, and parts that are usually the weakest in other, or especially stamped ware, are made extra heavy, making it almost indestructible.

This taken into consideration, it will be found to be economy to buy Cast Aluminum Ware, as it will last a lifetime, and always be in repair.

No other ware has been awarded so many medals and diplomas as "Wagner" High Grade Iron and Cast Aluminum Cooking Utensils.

It has been exhibited at all the leading fairs and expositions.

The popularity of the "Wagner" Cooking Utensils has been won through true merit in all the articles made under this brand.

In this ware the highest perfection has been attained.

E. A. CARPENTER

Headquarters For Best Hardware of All Kinds — 124 Congress St., Ypsilanti, Mich., Phone 46

Gloves, Mittens, Hosiery And Underwear

Those are the articles which will appeal to you right now—this winter—this cold snappy weather calls for good warm GLOVES, MITTENE, HOSIERY and UNDERWEAR.

Our stock is large and complete and the price is right down to the small profit basis—that's why our sales increase daily.

Don't fail to drop in here—we want you to get acquainted with our stock and prices.—Our regular, every day prices are what others call special bargains—Every day is bargain day here—Come on in.

Our Xmas Stock of Dolls, Toys, Notions, Etc., will be the largest in Washtenaw County. And remember, that we will not be undersold by anyone, anywhere.

TRY THE

New York Racket Store

ONCE FOR LUCK

13 N. HURON ST. A. L. EVANS, Prop. HOME PHONE 74

TAKE THE SHORT LINE

Quicker than the telegraph

Quicker than the mail

ROUND TRIP

At 3-5 of 1 cent per mile for three minutes

BELL LONG DISTANCE

Service is the short line to

EVERYWHERE

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MICHIGAN STATE TELEPHONE COMPANY — LOCAL LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE